History & Methodology of Economics:
Recent History of Economics
[MC] (80039)

2010/11 quarter II

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Tuesday 12.00 – 15.00, REC-E 0.07
Thursday 15.00 – 17.00, REC-M 0.01
Course description

Most history of economics examines the work of past economists and theories which are no longer the focus of current research. In contrast, this course examines the on-going work of living economists, and employs an historical method of investigation that involves taking the present as history. Thus ‘recent history of economics’ refers not to a particular historical period but to a historical method involving the examination of on-going economics. There are three important advantages to this historiographic approach:

1. it requires that we see economic research as always being in a state of development, thus as both emerging from problems more or less successfully addressed in the past while yet also tending toward often vaguely grasped broad strategies of solution;

2. it encourages us to understand economics research ‘laterally’ or in the context of an overall development of the field that includes competition between different research program and also interrelationships between economics and other disciplines;

3. it highlights economic methodology issues in the development of economics, since researchers’ attention to past problems and broad strategies of solution generally takes them beyond particular theories, and leads them to frame their research in terms of general methodological goals and scientific rationales.

A further premise of this course is that there has been a broad and deep transformation of economics since the 1980s when the neoclassical research program began to cease to dominate the mainstream economics research frontier. The new competing research programs in economics include game theory, the ‘new’ behavioral economics, experimental economics, evolutionary economics, complex adaptive systems theory, neuroeconomics, market design theory, the subjective well-being approach, and the capability approach. All are being investigated by mainstream economists disenchanted in various ways with neoclassical economics. Economics since the 1980s has consequently become relatively more pluralistic in the sense of including a considerable number of competing research programs. An interesting question, then, is whether the current period is a transitional one between periods when different dominant approaches prevail – with neoclassicism as the postwar dominant approach until the 1980s and a future dominant mainstream approach yet to emerge, or whether the current disciplinary pluralism will be sustained. This course examines this question as well as others specific to how economics should be understood in a period of pluralism.
Course organization

This course is not organized in a Tuesday lecture/survey plus Thursday discussion class format. Rather both meetings each week will be organized in seminar style emphasizing discussion of the readings assigned for the day of the meeting. I will introduce the readings, provide background, raise issues, and pose questions for discussion. The goals are that students to discuss the material generally, and investigate issues specific to their own interests. The Background readings are for student papers, and will not be discussed in class. Students only need to prepare the main readings scheduled by date.

Readings approach: (1) focus on their main arguments to the exclusion of technical issues; (2) ask yourself what their authors seek to accomplish with the approaches which they employ, and whether they are successful; and (3) think about how the strategies they adopt relate to the nature of economics as a discipline. Remember that this course aims at producing an historical and methodological understanding of recent developments in economics, so that many specific research results and technical issues are beyond the scope of the course. The goals of the course are rather to clarify what the new research programs involve, how they may evolve, and what the controversies and debates between them tell us about the changing nature of economics.

Readings will be posted on Blackboard or if not are available on the internet. Contact me if you have problems getting any of the papers.

Assessment

Paper (40%); class participation (15%); paper topic presentation (5%); final exam (40%).

Papers should be about 6000 words, include a reference list at the end, and are due by email January 14. Proposals for the papers of 200-300 words are due December 2. Students are expected make a five to ten minute presentation on their proposal to the class. Papers are to be organized in numbered sections as follows: (1) explain a problem in any of the research programs that economists are investigating that is of particular interest to you; (2) distinguish the different approaches that have been taken to the issue; (3) make cases for and against the different approaches; (4) form an overall judgment about how well the problem has been addressed, and comment on what this tells us about progress or lack of it in the associated research program. Please feel free to discuss your paper topics with me in advance.

The final exam will be a take-home. You may consult any materials you have for the course, but must work independently. The questions (four) will be general and call for judgment and understanding rather than detailed explanation of the course materials. Weight rests on how well you support your answers. The word count will be limited. The exam is due by email December 23.
Course schedule and readings

The turn in economics

November 9


November 11

John Davis, “Mäki on economics imperialism,” Marquette University working paper, 2010-04 (September 2010).

Background readings:


Behavioral economics and neuroeconomics

November 16

**November 18**


*Background readings:*


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**Experimental economics**

**November 23**


**November 25**


*Background readings:*


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**Games and Evolution**

**November 30**  

**December 2**  

*Background readings:*


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**Complexity in economics and the economy**

**December 7**  


**December 9**


*Background readings:*


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**Well-being: capabilities and happiness**

**December 14**


December 16


*Background readings:*
